Test Registration No.





The Maharaja Sayajirao University of Baroda Faculty of Science M.Sc. ENTRANCE EXAMINATION

SUBJECT: MICROBIOLOGY DAY: TUESDAY

TIME: 12-1.30pm DATE: 5th JULY, 2022

Important Instructions:

- 1. This test booklet is to be opened only when instructed by the invigilators to do so.
- 2. This booklet carries **100** questions in **14** printed pages. All carry equal marks.
- 3. For every correct answer, candidate will earn **1** mark, for every wrong answer 0.25 mark will be deducted.
- 4. Test Registration Number must be entered correctly in the OMR answer sheet, as advised by the invigilators. The Question Booklet code (A/B/C/ D) must also be mentioned on the OMR answer sheet (if not printed already) as instructed.
- 5. Answers must be marked in the OMR answer sheet using a black or dark blue ball point pen only. The circle should be filled in completely, leaving no gaps.
- 6. Gadgets (Mobile phones, pagers, ear phones, music players, calculators smart watches etc.) are strictly prohibited in the exam hall. If any candidate is found in possession of any of these at his/her exam seat, he/she is liable to be disqualified.
- 7. In case of tie in the marks the merit will be considered based on total marks in the qualifying examination.



Invigilator's Signature: ____

- 1. A component **NOT** essential for routine Polymerase Chain Reaction is
 - A. Primer
 - B. dNTP
 - C. Reverse transcriptase
 - D. Polymerase enzyme
- 2. Darwin's finches are considered a good example of
 - A. Adaptive radiation
 - B. Convergent evolution
 - C. Homologous recombination
 - D. Coevolution of plants and animals
- 3. Pure water has all of the following properties EXCEPT
 - A. A pH of 7.0
 - B. Has a density of ~ 1000 kg/m³
 - C. Has a concentration of 55.5 M
 - D. All are correct regarding pure water
- 4. If two black mice are crossed, nine black and three white mice result. Which of the following statements is **correct**?
 - A. Black is recessive
 - B. White is dominant
 - C. Both parents were heterozygous
 - D. All are correct
- 5. Inheritance pattern of blood group antigens can be best described as
 - A. Complete dominance
 - B. Incomplete dominance
 - C. Codominance
 - D. Partial dominance
- 6. A hypothetical organism has six chromosomes (2n=6). How many different combinations of maternal and paternal chromosomes can appear in the gametes?
 - A. 9
 - B. 12
 - C. 8
 - D. None of the above
- 7. A mature human sperm cell has 'c' amount of DNA. How much DNA will a somatic cell have if it is in the S phase of cell cycle?
 - A. C
 - B. 2c
 - C. 4c
 - D. 8c
- 8. Assuming a 1:1 sex ratio, what is the probability that three children produced by the same parents will consist of all daughters?
 - A. 0.09
 - B. 0.125
 - C. 0.008
 - D. None of the above

- 9. In a transformation experiment, a bacterial strain that is lys⁺ his⁺ val⁺ is used as a donor, and lys⁻ his⁻ val⁻ as the recipient. Initial transformants are isolated on minimal medium +histidine +valine. Which of the following genotypes of transformants will not be able to grow on the plates?
 - A. $lys^+ his^+ val^+$
 - B. $lys^{-}his^{+}val^{+}$
 - C. $lys^+ his^- val^+$
 - D. lys⁺his+ val⁻

10. Which enzyme is not required in DNA replication in E.coli?

- A. Primase
- B. Helicase
- C. Ligase
- D. All are required in replication
- 11. Study the following table regarding the base composition of three nucleic acid molecules a, b and c and point out the WRONG interpretation.

Nucleic Acid

Molecule	%A	%T	%G	%C	%U
a.	28	28	22	22	0
b.	31	0	31	17	21
с.	15	15	35	35	0

- A. Molecule b is single stranded RNA
- B. Molecule a is double stranded DNA
- C. Molecule c has highest melting temperature
- D. All are correct interpretations
- 12. The given sequence of bases represents the start of a gene on double-stranded DNA. Which strand is likely to be transcribed to synthesize mRNA?
 - GCTACGGATTGCTG
 - CGATGCCTAACGAC
 - A. Upper
 - B. Lower
 - C. Both
 - D. None
- 13. Where would you find Pribnow box?
 - A. Prokaryotic transcription start site
 - B. Eukaryotic transcription start site
 - C. Prokaryotic ribosome binding site
 - D. Eukaryotic ribosome binding site
- 14. Figure below represents RNA-DNA hybrids formed by using messenger RNA for the same gene that is expressed in the pituitary and the adrenal glands. DNA is a dashed line; RNA is a solid line. The DNA used in each case is the full-length gene. Based on the figure, which is the best explanation for the different hybrid molecules?



Pituitary

Adrenal

- A. Pituitary gene is longer than the adrenal gene
- B. Adrenal gene lacks intron 3
- C. Adrenal gene is spliced skipping the exon 3
- D. Adrenal gene lacks exon 3
- 15. Binding of the ribosome to the messenger RNA in order to determine the translation start site requires
 - A. SD sequences in prokaryotes
 - B. 5' cap in eukaryotes
 - C. Both are correct
 - D. None of above
- 16. An insertion of a single base in a reading frame of a protein coding gene
 - A. Would result in same protein with one amino acid change
 - B. Could be restored by deletion of 2 bases
 - C. May result in shorter or abnormal protein
 - D. All are correct
- 17. The genetic code is degenerate. This means that
 - A. One amino acid may have multiple codons
 - B. Codons can specify more than one amino acid
 - C. Multiple tRNA can recognize same codons
 - D. Same amino acid is inserted by multiple tRNAs
- 18. Which one of the following is a human disease that is caused by a parasite / pathogen that requires two hosts?
 - A. Malaria
 - B. Typhoid
 - C. Chicken pox
 - D. Shigellosis
- 19. A piece of DNA has the sequence 3'-GGCGTATTC-5'. It is sequenced using the dideoxy method. How many bands will be found on the gel in the lanes for reaction mixture with ddTTP?
 - A. 1
 - B. 2
 - C. 3
 - D. 4
- 20. Which is correct match of the blotting technique, sample analysed and probe used?
 - A. Southern blot; DNA; DNA
 - B. Northern blot; RNA; DNA
 - C. Wetern blot; protein; antibodies
 - D. All are correct
- 21. Microorganisms that grow under low nutrient conditions are called

- A. Autotrophs
- B. Auxotrophs
- C. Syntrophs
- D. Oligotrophs
- 22. The group of organisms that uses light as the energy source and CO_2 as the principal carbon source is called
 - A. Photoheterotrophs
 - B. Chemoheterotrophs
 - C. Photoautotrophs
 - D. Lithoautotrophs
- 23. K_M of an enzyme denotes
 - A. Half of Vmax
 - B. Substrate concentration when velocity is 50% of Vmax
 - C. Maximum velocity that an enzyme can achieve
 - D. Substrate concentration when maximum velocity is achieved
- 24. Which taxonomic group has the smallest number of organisms with a maximum of characteristics in common?
 - A. Genus
 - B. Species
 - C. Kingdom
 - D. Family
- 25. A symbiotic combination of a fungus and a cyanobacterium is found in
 - A. Nodules
 - B. Lichens
 - C. Ruminants
 - D. Thermal vents
- 26. BCG vaccine is derived by attenuating
 - A. Mycobacterium avium
 - B. Mycobacterium bovis
 - C. Mycobacterium vaccae
 - D. Mycobacterium fortuitum
- 27. The "one gene one enzyme" hypothesis was proposed on the basis of work with
 - A. Neurospora crassa
 - B. Drosophila melanogaster
 - C. Escherichia coli
 - D. Bacteriophage T4
- 28. Lambda phage has a genome comprised of
 - A. ssDNA
 - B. dsRNA
 - C. dsDNA
 - D. ssRNA
- 29. Which of the following enzymes converts fibrinogen to fibrin?
 - A. Streptokinase
 - B. Coagulase
 - C. Lecithinase
 - D. Hyaluronidase
- 30. Syphilis is caused by

- A. Yeast
- B. Spirochaete
- C. Worm
- D. Fungus
- 31. ELISA is a method to
 - A. Quantitate antigen but not antibody
 - B. Quantitate antibody but not antigen
 - C. Quantitate either antigen or antibody
 - D. Quantitate nucleic acids
- 32. Polio vaccine used in India for the Pulse Polio Programme is
 - A. Live attenuated vaccine
 - B. Killed vaccine
 - C. Recombinant vaccine
 - D. Subunit vaccine
- 33. Which among the following is caused by an acquired gene mutation rather than an inherited mutation?
 - A. Thalessemia
 - B. Colour-Blindness
 - C. Haemophilia
 - D. Leukemia
- 34. Which of the following microorganism is used as bioinsecticide
 - A. Escherichia coli
 - B. Bacillus subtilis
 - C. Bacillus thuringiensis
 - D. Aspergillus niger
- 35. Blight is a disease of
 - A. Plants
 - B. Eyes
 - C. Cattle
 - D. Birds
- 36. First person to view cells under a microscope was
 - A. Robert Hooke
 - B. Louis Pasteur
 - C. Antonie van Leeuwenhoek
 - D. Robert Koch
- 37. Immunity demonstrated by a new born baby is
 - A. Passive
 - B. active
 - C. Innate
 - D. Adaptive
- 38. Peptidoglycan layer is absent in the cell wall of
 - A. Archaea
 - B. Gram positive bacteria
 - C. Gram negative bacteria
 - D. None of these
- 39. Match the following and identify the correct option
- a) Unsaturated
- 1) No double bond

- b) Trans-fat
- c) Omega end
- d) Saturated

3) Presence of double bond

2) Methyl end

- 4) Double bond in opposite orientation
- A. a-1, b-2, c-3, d-4
- B. a-3, b-4, c-2, d-1
- C. a-1, b-2, c-4, d-3
- D. a-2, b-3, c-4, d-1
- 40. Erwin Chargaff proposed important clue to the structure of the DNA. Which of the following statement is **false**?
 - A. Base composition of DNA varies from one species to another
 - B. Base composition are different from DNA specimens isolated from different tissues of the same species
 - C. Base composition of DNA in a given species does not change with an organisms age
 - D. The number of adenosine residues is equal to the thymidine residues, and the number of guanosine is equal to the number of cytidine residues.
- 41. Look at the pedigree and decide the inheritance pattern for the disease



- A. Autosomal dominant
- B. Autosomal recessive
- C. X linked dominant
- D. Y linked
- 42. The CRISPR-Cas system is a type of
 - A. Stem cell therapy
 - B. Gene-editing system
 - C. Modified PCR method
 - D. Next Generation Sequencing technology
- 43. The term microbiome indicates
 - A. Genome of a microbe
 - B. Total set of proteins of a microorganism
 - C. Total set of mRNA of a microorganism
 - D. Collective genome of the entire set of microbes present in an environment
- 44. Microorganisms that are believed to have led to the oxygenation of primitive Earth's atmosphere are
 - A. Proteobacteria
 - B. Cyanobacteria
 - C. Firmicutes
 - D. Methanogens
- 45. Spontaneous reactions are characterized by

- A. $\Delta G = 0$
- B. ΔG is negative
- C. ΔG is positive
- D. $\Delta G = K_{eq}$
- 46. When *E. coli* is grown on a medium containing only lactose as the C-source, which of the following molecules is bound to the Lac-operon?
 - A. Lac repressor
 - B. RNA polymerase
 - C. Cyclic AMP-CRP complex
 - D. Both B & C
- 47. Which of the following is an example of a primary metabolite?
 - A. erythromycin
 - B. terpenes
 - C. aflatoxin
 - D. ethanol
- 48. Transduction is unique from transformation and conjugation in that
 - A. free DNA is needed
 - B. both free DNA and cell-to-cell contact are needed
 - C. virus act as vectors for DNA transfer
 - D. DNA transfer occurs from cell-to-cell contact
- 49. All of the following are desirable characteristics of a plasmid cloning vector EXCEPT
 - A. multiple cleavage sites for a single restriction endonuclease
 - B. small size
 - C. antibiotic resistance markers
 - D. high transformation efficiency
- 50. Helicobacter pylori is usually associated with
 - A. Diarrhoea
 - B. Gastric ulcers
 - C. Respiratory syndrome
 - D. Skin infections
- 51. It is thought that all cellular life has descended from LUCA. What is LUCA?
 - A. Latest Universal Common Ancestor
 - B. Last Universal Cell Ancestor
 - C. Last Universal Common Ancestor
 - D. Last Unicellular Ancestor
- 52. Legumes have close association of bacteria that reside in their nodules. These bacteria convert
 - A. Nitrogen to Nitrate
 - B. Nitrate to Ammonia
 - C. Nitrogen to urea
 - D. Nitrogen to ammonia
- 53. Does spontaneous generation of life occur? This question was clearly solved by
 - A. Cohn and Spallanzani
 - B. Pasteur and Koch

- C. Pasteur and Hooke
- D. Koch and Metchnikoff
- 54. Which of the following Scientists is correctly matched with their invention/discovery?
 - A. Carl Woese Discovery of Prions
 - B. Stanley Pruisner-Discovery of Archaea
 - C. Kary Mullis-Invention of Polymerase Chain Reaction
 - D. David Baltimore- Discovery of DNA Polymerase
- 55. For a laboratory compound microscope, what will be the resolving power when λ =650nm and the NA =0.25?
 - A. 1300nm
 - B. 1200nm
 - C. 3250 nm
 - D. 3520nm
- 56. When the radius of a coccus is 1 micrometer, then the Surface area/Volume ratio of that cell is a cell of 2 micrometer radius.
 - A. Two times higher than
 - B. Half of
 - C. Ten times higher than
 - D. Ten times lower than
- 57. Molybdenum is part of which of the enzymes possessed by bacteria?
 - A. Carbonic anhydrase
 - B. Nitrogenase
 - C. Formate dehydrogenase
 - D. Cytochrome oxidase
- 58. McConkey agar helps distinguish between
 - A. Lactose utilizing and glucose utilizing organism
 - B. Lactose fermenting and lactose non-fermenting organisms
 - C. Gram positive and Gram negative organisms
 - D. Hemolytic and non-hemolytic organisms
- 59. Which of the following antibiotics is NOT a bacterial cell wall synthesis inhibitor?
 - A. Penicillin
 - B. Cephalosporin
 - C. Tetracycline
 - D. Vancomycin
- 60. Which one of the following processes in wastewater treatment is biological operation?
 - A. Sedimentation
 - B. Chlorination
 - C. Activated sludge process
 - D. Disinfection
- 61. Which of the following cells of immune system are of lymphoid progenitor origin?
 - A. NK cells

- B. B cells
- C. T cells
- D. All of the above
- 62. Which type of the cells listed below are <1% in human blood?
 - A. Eosinophiles
 - B. Basophiles
 - C. Neutrophiles
 - D. Lymphocytes
- 63. Adjuvants are substances that
 - A. enhance immunogenicity of an antigen
 - B. possess immunogenicity due to their foreignness
 - C. are antigens of highly complex nature
 - D. act as carriers for haptens
- 64. An infection that develops during a stay in the hospital is called
 - A. latrogenic
 - B. Teratogenic
 - C. Nosocomial
 - D. Covert
- 65. Relationship between total number of deaths and the total number of cases due to a disease is called
 - A. Morbidity rate
 - B. Mortality rate
 - C. Prevalence rate
 - D. Incidence rate
- 66. Which of the following Part of the compound microscope helps in focusing light on the specimen?
 - A. Objective
 - B. Condenser
 - C. Magnifying lens
 - D. Eyepiece
- 67. Coronaviruses (CoVs) are characterised by presence of ALL except
 - A. Spikes
 - B. RNA genome
 - C. Reverse transcriptase
 - D. Envelope
- 68. The RT-PCR test for Covid-19 detects presence of
 - A. Entire Virus particles
 - B. Virus antigen
 - C. Viral nucleic acid
 - D. Antibodies against the virus
- 69. A technique for separating solutes in a mixture on the basis of their relative distribution between a moving fluid stream and a contiguous stationary phase is called
 - A. Sedimentation

- B. Filtration
- C. Chromatography
- D. Size exclusion
- 70. Electrophoresis involves separation of molecules on the basis of
 - A. Charge
 - B. Migration
 - C. Electric field
 - D All of the above
- 71. The Covishield vaccine
 - A. Contains inactivated Virus particles
 - B. Is made up of purified spike protein
 - C. Has Viral nucleic acid which expresses spike protein
 - D. Carries Antibodies against the virus
- 72. DNA as genetic/ hereditary material was proved by
 - A. Griffith experiment
 - B. Erwin Chargaff's experiment
 - C. Hershey-Chase Experiment
 - D. Pasteur's swan shaped flask experiment
- 73. Which of the following statement is true?
 - A. Bacterial endospores show higher resistance to moist heat as compared to vegetative cells
 - B. Bacterial endospores cannot be destroyed by autoclaving
 - C. Moist heat is less effective than dry heat for sterilisation
 - D. Viruses cannot be destroyed by autoclaving
- 74. Which of the following does not predictably vary with depth of the aquatic environment?
 - A. Dissolved oxygen
 - B. Temperature
 - C. Sunlight
 - D. Salinity
- 75. RNA interference (RNAi) is a process
 - A. to stop translation
 - B. to stop transcription
 - C. to stop splicing
 - D. to transfer RNA into cells

76. ______ is the first FDA approved biotech product made using RDT

- A. Insulin
- B. TPA
- C. Polymerase
- D. Interferon
- 77. Which of the following is incorrect regarding translation?
 - A. tRNA has an anticodon loop that has bases complementary to the code
 - B. Initiation is done by initiator tRNA
 - C. Changing of tRNA occurs in presence of ATP

D. Termination occurs with the help of tRNAs for stop codons

78. In Lac operon, the repressor binds to _____

- A. Promoter
- B. Operator
- C. UTR
- D. SD sequence

79. In the human genome, chromosome ______ has most genes and ______ has the fewest.

- A. I.X
- B. I, Y
- C. I, 20
- D. 20, I

80. In Eukaryotes, the DNA is wrapped around

- A. Histones
- B. Actin
- C. Myosin
- D. Globins
- 81. Which of the following technique would allow the microscopic detection of an extra chromosome in a cell?
 - A. Pedigree analysis
 - B. Karyotyping
 - C. PCR
 - D. Microarray
- 82. Which of the following cloning vectors has components of a bacteriophage?
 - A. Plasmid
 - B. Cosmid
 - C. BAC
 - D. YAC
- 83. A double stranded DNA has 10% adenine 'The cytosine content of this DNA is -
 - A. 90%
 - B. 45%
 - C. 40%
 - D. 10%

84. Which of the following toxins is used for cosmetic purposes?

- A. Diphtheria toxin
- B. Cholera toxin
- C. Shiga toxin
- D. Botulinum toxin

85. The pKa of the R group of Glutamic acid is 4.2. At pH 7.0, the R group will be

- A. Uncharged
- B. Positively charged

- C. Negatively charged
- D. Protonated
- 86. The $\Delta G^\circ\,$ for the hydrolysis of acetyl-CoA is -
 - A. Small and positive
 - B. Small and negative
 - C. Large and negative
 - D. Large and positive
- 87. How much glucose is required to be weighed for preparing 4 liters of 50 mM glucose solution (Mol.Wt. of glucose : 180)?
 - A. 36 gm
 - B. 3.6 gm
 - C. 9 gm
 - D. 90 gm
- 88. How much volume of 2% stock solution of penicillin is to be added to prepare 3 liters of Luria broth with 50 μ g/ml of penicillin?
 - A. 7.5 ml
 - B. 75 ml
 - C. 7.5 μl
 - D. 75 μl
- 89. Which of the following is an example of non-ionizing rays?
 - A. Gamma rays
 - B. X-rays
 - C. UV rays
 - D. All of the above
- 90. The number of electrons present in H^+ is -
 - A. Zero
 - B. One
 - C. Two
 - D. Three
- 91. Which of the following reactions require folic acid?
 - A. Redox reactions
 - B. One carbon metabolism
 - C. Transamination
 - D. Aldehyde group transfer
- 92. A tripeptide made up of amino acids of molecular weight 250, 236 and 350. The molecular weight of the tripeptide would therefore be -
 - A. 836
 - B. 800
 - C. 782
 - D. None of the above
- 93. Which of the following is an example of a saturated fatty acid?
 - A. Oleic acid
 - B. Linoleic acid
 - C. Palmitic acid
 - D. Arachidonic acid

- 94. When a bacterial cell suspension was diluted 10⁴ times, it gave 60 colonies, when 0.1 ml was plated on nutrient agar. The total count of bacteria in the original suspension is cells/ml.
 - A. 6×10^5
 - B. 6×10^6
 - B. 6X10
 - C. 6×10^7
 - D. 6×10^4

95. Which of the following has a defined molecular weight?

- A. Starch
- B. Glycogen
- C. Sucrose
- D. Chitin
- 96. 100 nm = _____ micrometer
 - A. 1
 - B. 0.1
 - C. 10
 - D. 0.01
- 97. NADH and NADPH have the following common characteristics except -
 - A. Both are redox carriers
 - B. Both are coenzymes
 - C. Both are good electron donors
 - D. Both are involved in biosynthetic reaction
- 98. If the H^+ concentration of a solution is 0.0001 M. What is its pH?
 - A. 10
 - B. 4
 - C. 2
 - D. 1
- 99. The 1918 Spanish flu pandemic strain of Influenza A virus was
 - A. H2N2
 - B. H1N1
 - C. H3N2
 - D. H3N8
- 100.
- A. Sickle cell anaemia
- B. Thalassemia
- C. Haemophilia
- D. Cystic fibrosis

XXXXXXXXXX

In west Africans, resistance to malaria caused by P. falciparum is associated with

Prof G. Archana Head, Microbiology